To the Chairman and Members

OF THE

AMPTHILL RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL.



MR. CHAIRMAN, LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,

I have the honour to present you with my Twelfth Annual Report.

During the year I do not think the population has varied in any marked degree, and I shall therefore retain the same figures for statistical purposes as were disclosed by the 1901 census. The only village that has made any appreciable increase is that of Flitwick. With this exception there has been no marked change.

I now give the population of the various parishes as I did last year, with a comparison of the two last censuses.

	1901	1891		1901	1891
Aspley Guise	1262	1212 + 50	Lidlington	 515	600 85
Aspley Heath	462	451 + 11	Marston Moretaine	973	1047 - 74
Battlesden	72	81 — 9	Maulden	 1147	1243 - 96
Clophill	893	1068 - 175	Millbrook	 218	227 - 9
Cranfield	1239	1365 - 126	Milton Bryant	 182	226 - 44
Eversholt	574	623 — 49	Potsgrove	 114	157 — 43
Flitton	449	561 — 112	Pulloxhill	 395	492 — 97
Flitwick	1029	900 + 129	Ridgmount	 591	758 — 67
Gravenhurst	364	416 — 52	Salford	147	178 — 31
(Upper and Lower)			Shillington	 1629	1897 - 268
Harlington	530	504 + 26	Silsoe	 528	589 — 61
Haynes	746	836 — 90	Steppingley	 273	308 — 35
Higham Gobion	59	73 - 14	Tingrith	 151	155 4
Holcut	45	48 — 3	Toddington	 1962	2087 - 125
Houghton Conquest	571	579 - 8	Westoning	 501	510 — 9
Husborne Crawley	397	410 — 13	Woburn	 1129	1193 — 64

As in previous years, the District will be divided into sub-districts, viz., Ampthill, Cranfield, Shillington and Woburn.

I shall first of all deal with the total number of Deaths and the respective Death Rates of the subdistricts, after which I shall proceed with the Birth Rates.

DEATH RATES.—The total number of Deaths in the entire District in 1909 amounted to 289, inclusive of those which occurred in the Workhouse at Ampthill, Three Counties Asylum at Arlesey, and the County Hospital, Bedford. With these exceptions I have no knowledge of deaths from the District having occurred outside its area.

As the population is 19,146, it gives a general Death Rate of 15, which is a slight increase on last year, when it was 14.6.

	Population.		Deaths		Rate. 1909.	Death	Death		Infa Mortali 1908.	
Амртніць	5,329	77	75	14.4	14	1.5	.56	.56	68	48
Cranfield	2,727	28	32	10.2	11.7	•36	.71	1.4	85	29
SHILLINGTON	3,473	51	52	14.6	14.9	·28	1.1	·86	52	81
Woburn	7,617	125	130	16.4	17	.78	1.0	1.4	94	70

The Zymotic Death Rate of the entire District is Nil. The Phthisical Death Rate of the entire District is 1.2. The Infantile Mortality of the entire District per 1000 Births registered is 58.9.

This year compares most favourably with the previous one in all the three respects given above. For the first time since the amalgamation of the Districts we have a Zymotic Death Rate of "Nil." The Phthisical Death Rate is slightly less and the Infantile Mortality is the lowest we have ever recorded.

There have been in the whole District—

25 deaths under twelve months.

between the ages of 1 and 5 years.

5 ,, 15 , ,, 15 ,, 25 ,, 25 ,, 65 ,, 7 12

153 deaths in persons over 65 years of age.

Over one half the number of Deaths are in persons over 65 years of age.

The deaths from Cancer amounted to 36, which is the highest yet recorded in this district. They are thus distributed in the sub-districts, viz., Ampthill, 11; Cranfield, 3; Shillington, 7; Woburn, 15. As soil is supposed by some to be a predisposing factor in the causation of the disease, I will again give the soils and sub-soils of the various parishes in which the cases occurred.

- (1) Aspley Heath—3 cases.
- (2) Battlesden—1 case. Soil, clay and gravel; subsoil, gravel.
- (3) Clophill—1 case. Soil, sand; subsoil, gravel. (4) Cranfield—2 cases. Soil, clay; subsoil, clay.
- (5) Flitton—2 cases. Soil, chiefly sand; subsoil, sandstone.
- (6) Flitwiek—1 case Soil, gravel; subsoil, sand.
- (7) Gravenhurst—2 cases. Soil, clay; subsoil, varied.
- (8) Harlington—1 case. Soil, mixed; subsoil, part clay and part chalk.
- (9) Haynes -1 case. Soil, half clay and half sand; subsoil, sand.
- (10) Lidlington—1 case. Soil, sand, gravel and clay.
- (11) Maulden—2 cases. Soil, part sand, part clay; subsoil, clay.
- (12) Millbrook—1 case. Soil, sand; subsoil, sand.
- (13) Potsgrove—1 case. Soil and subsoil, clay and gravel.

(14) Pulloxhill—3 cases. Soil and subsoil, clay.

(15) Ridgmount—3 cases. Soil, part sand, part clay; subsoil, sand and clay.

(16) Shillington—3 cases. Soil, clay; subsoil, clay.

- (17) Steppingley—1 case. Soil, chiefly sand; subsoil, sand. (18) Toddington—2 cases. Soil, marl and clay; subsoil, gravel,
- (19) Woburn-2 cases. Soil, lower greensand; subsoil, gravel.

The remaining three cases were contracted outside the district.

The following were the organs affected-

Breast				9	Neck	 	 1
Bones	•••	•••	•••	2	Stomach	 • • •	 11
*Bowel	•••			5	Tongue	 	 1
Lip				1	TT4	 	 2
Liver				4			

*The Rectum was the part affected in two of the cases.

Although there has been considerable research in regard to the causation and cure of this disease, no remedy of importance (with the exception of surgical procedure) has, up to the present, been discovered.

Influenza has during the year made two appearances, once in the Spring when the epidemic was rather a severe one, and the other in November and December of a much milder character. All the deaths, which were seven in number, occurred in the Woburn sub-district.

Pulmonary Tuberculosis shows a slight decrease on the previous year. Seventeen cases were then recorded, whereas this year only 15 cases have fallen victims to this disease.

The mortality from diseases of the Respiratory Organs, exclusive of Pulmonary Tuberculosis, is still high, amounting as it does to 39. This is mainly attributable to the cold, damp weather we have had throughout the year, but chiefly in the Spring.

BIRTHS AND BIRTH RATES.—The total number of Births in the entire District was 424, which does not, I am sorry to say, maintain the increase of last year, when 446 was recorded. This gives an average of 22.1.

The Births and Birth Rate of each sub-district are—

	Number	of Births.	Birtl	n Rates.
	1908.	1909.	1908.	1909.
AMPTHILL	145	125	27.2	23.4
Cranfield	58	68	21.2	24.9
SHILLINGTON	95	74	27.3	21.3
Woburn	148	157	19.5	20.6

Of the sub-districts Cranfield has the highest and Woburn, as usual, the lowest. Out of the total number of Births 18 were illegitimate, which shows that out of every 1,000 Births 42.4 were born out of wedlock.

I now come to the Zymotic diseases, and am glad to report a lower number than we have ever had. Thirty-four were recorded in comparison with \$1 of the previous year. We have, however, not had the same immunity in regard to non-notifiable disease, as Measles have been very prevalent in some of the villages, necessitating in two instances the closure of the Schools.

DIPHTHERIA.—Twelve cases of this disease were notified during the year, which is 9 less than during 1908. Seven of these occurred at Toddington during January, and constitute the tail end of an epidemic which started the previous December. Antitoxin was used as a prophylactic on most of the contacts, and with most successful results, as no case occurred amongst those inoculated. Two additional cases occurred at Toddington in March, and later on two were notified from Lidlington and one from Shillington.

CHICKEN-POX.—This disease has been very prevalent, necessitating the closure of the Schools at Aspley Heath, Eversholt, Marston Morctaine and Woburn.

ERYSIPELAS.—Nine cases have been notified. I fail to see the utility of notifying this disease in rural districts.

Enteric Fever.—Two cases, and those occurred in the same house, at Lower Stondon in the parish of Shillington. Diagnosis confirmed by Widal's reaction. The drainage in the immediate vicinity of this house was found in an unsatisfactory condition.

Measures.—This disease has been prevalent at Ridgmont, Clophill and Haynes, necessitating the closure of the Schools at the latter two places.

Mumps.—The only parish where this disease was prevalent was Pulloxhill, and here it was necessary to close the School.

ROTHELU (German Measles).—The Schools at Church End, Marston Moretaine and Houghton Conquest were closed on account of this disease.

Whoofing Cough.—This disease has not been as prevalent as during the previous year, the only School closed being that at Pulloxhill.

ZYMOTIC DIARRHEA.—Only one death has occurred from this disease. This is to be accounted for by the damp and cold weather during the summer months. Rain fell on a large number of days.

PUERPERAL FEVER AND SMALL-POX.—No cases of these diseases occurred.

The following Notifications under the Infectious Disease Notification Act have been received:—

I now mass the cases of the entire District together and give the seasons of the year in which they occurred:—

1st Three Months.	aree Months. 2nd Three Months. 3rd Three Months.		4th Three Months.
Diphtheria 9 Enteric Fever 2 Erysipelas 3 Scarlet Fever 1	Diphtheria 1 Erysipelas 3 Scarlet Fever 2	Nil.	Diphtheria 2 Erysipelas 3 Scarlet Fever 8
15	6		13

Total ... 34

As mentioned in the previous Reports, disinfectants and printed instructions are supplied gratuitously in all cases of Infectious Notifiable Disease, and at the end of the illness (should the patient be treated at home) the rooms which the patient occupied are thoroughly disinfected with Formic Aldehyde, free of charge. If the patient is removed to Hospital, the house is disinfected immediately after the removal. In addition to the above, houses where deaths have occurred from Cancer and Phthisis are disinfected. Printed instructions are given in cases of the latter disease should they be brought to our notice. I am glad to say the labouring class are beginning to recognise the infectious character of the disease, and in the majority of cases endeavour to carry out the above instructions. The importance of fresh air is now being recognised. The recent Order of the Local Government Board will be of considerable help to us in discovering persons suffering from this disease, but during the year only two cases were notified to me. All Schools are disinfected should they be considered a factor in the spread of infectious disease, either notifiable or nonnotifiable. The cost of this is refunded by the County Council.

The Rainfall is again included on account of its influence in regard to water supply and flushing of drains, and its bearing on the causation of various diseases, especially Zymotic Diarrhea.

Jan. in.	Feb.	Mar. in.	Apl.	May in.	June in.	July in.	_			Nov.	Dec. in.
·880	•43	3.210	1.280	1.27	4.195	2.745	1.980	1.955	3.850	·880	2.955

Total for the year ... 25.630.

This is more than the average, which is 24 inches. The above was taken at Shillington with a 5in. gauge. Height above sea level, 182 feet. The Rainfall over the entire district varies very little.

WATER SUPPLY.

The lower end of Lidlington is still inadequately supplied with water, as no steps have been taken during the past year to remedy the state of things mentioned in my last Report. Additional standpipes are necessary in connection with the present water supply. Owing to the heavy rainfall no cases of shortage have been brought to our notice in any part of the Districts.

The Local Government Board have given their consent to a public water supply for the parishes of Aspley Guise and Aspley Heath, also a contiguous portion of an adjoining district. The work has com-

menced and considerable progress has been made.

I am indebted to Mr. Strachan, the resident Engineer at Woburn Sands, for the following

information in regard to what has been done.

"The reservoir at Bow Brickhill has, with the exception of a few minor details, been completed. Fully seven miles of water mains have been laid, including the necessary valves, hydrants, etc. This length of piping includes the pumping main and the larger sized distributing mains. The supply well has been sunk and lined to a depth of 3) feet. When the days get a little longer sinking will be continued night and day down to the rock, at a depth of 43 feet from the surface. This sinking being in running sand is not well adapted for the short days of winter, as the work has to be carried on night and day."

SEWAGE AND REFUSE DISPOSAL.

The most important matter in this direction has been the commencement of the sewage works in connection with Aspley Guise and Aspley Heath. Quite early in the year the Local Government Board gave their consent to the work being carried out.

As in the case of the water supply for the same area, I am indebted to Mr. Strachan for an account

of the progress made.

"The disposal works are roughly two-thirds completed so far as construction is concerned. About 2,100 cubic yards of clinker are required for the filters, most of which will come from London, and of which about 100 cubic yards have been delivered. Very nearly four miles of sewers have been laid, including those which required to be sunk to the greatest depth; the necessary manholes have also been fixed. Junctions for the drainage of private house property have been, of course, supplied. The total length of sewers is about ten miles."

As far as Mr. Strachan can estimate, one-half of the total work of the Water and Sewage contracts is finished, and very nearly one-half of the time allowed for completion has expired. If all goes well, both

contracts should be completed by the end of August.

The suggested alterations in regard to the drainage of the Isolation Hospital, which were mentioned in my last Report, have been carried out, and prove to be thoroughly satisfactory.

No new sewers have been laid with the exception of those at Aspley Guise and Aspley Heath. The sewer at Upper Shelton has been extended, and improvements to sewers have taken place in several parishes. A sewer is required at News End, Shillington, where at least a dozen houses are without drains, and the occupants empty their slops into the ditch by the roadside. An extension of a sewer at Lower Stondon, in the parish of Shillington, is urgently needed, as considerable nuisance is at times created.

SCAVENGING.

The following places would be improved by a system of scavenging, viz., Cranfield and Marston Moretaine.

SCHOOLS.

A new School is being erected at Toddington in the place of one which is rather of an antiquated character. The fresh offices at Lower Stondon, in the parish of Shillington, which were mentioned in my

last Report as having been commenced, are now completed. The closure of Schools and exclusion of scholars is now undertaken in conjunction with the School Medical Officer, except in the cases where the closure is not for sanitary purposes, but in order to save the Grant, when the matter is left entirely in the hands of the School Medical Officer.

NUISANCES.

The total number dealt with is greater than last year, but this is due mainly to a large number of parishes having had a house to house inspection, and most of these were more populous than those inspected the year before.

HOUSE TO HOUSE INSPECTION.

The parishes of Flitwick, Higham Gobion, Haynes, and Westoning have been inspected, and in addition to this Flitton, Lidlington and Steppingley have been re-inspected. As the Inspector comments on the condition of the above parishes in his Report it is hardly necessary for me to go into the matter.

Administration of the Factories & Workshops Act, 1901, for the year 1909.

FACTORIES.

The Powage Printing Works is the only factory we have of any importance. The sanitary conveniences are satisfactory and sufficient. In addition to the above we have others, employing for the most part three or four hands, and situated in the parishes of Aspley Guise, Clophill, Eversholt, Flitton, Flitwick, Harlington, Holcut, Ridgmont, Toddington, Shillington and Woburn. About one half are flour mills. There is no fault to be found with the sanitation of these.

DOMESTIC FACTORIES.

Only one, and that at Pulloxhill. Printing is the industry. No sanitary defects.

WORKSHOPS.

The main workshops in the district are bakehouses, slaughter-houses, dairies, and houses where hat sewing and dressmaking are carried on.

Bakehouses.—We have 49 of these, and one or more are situated in the following parishes, viz., Aspley Guise, Aspley Heath, Clophill, Cranfield, Eversholt, Flitwick, Gravenhurst, Harlington, Haynes, Houghton Conquest, Husborne Crawley, Marston Moretaine, Maulden, Pulloxhill, Ridgmont, Shillington, Silsoe, Toddington, Westoning and Woburn. These premises, with very few exceptions, are kept in a very cleanly state. We have one underground bakehouse which is situated in the parish of Westoning.

SLAUGHTER-HOUSES.—These are 37 in number, and situated in the same parishes as the bakehouses, with the exception of Harlington and Westoning. These premises are kept much cleaner than they were a few years ago.

Darries where Butter and Cheesemaking are carried on.—This is the only class of dairy which is classified as a workshop. Very little fault is to be found with these premises from a sanitary point of view.

Hat-Sewing.—This is an industry which is carried on in this district for a brief portion of the year, and the number of people employed is getting less owing to the advent of machinery. Workshops where this industry is carried on are situated in the parishes of Clophill, Flitton, Flitwick, Gravenhurst, Marston Moretaine, Maulden, Toddington and Westoning. These premises, with few exceptions, are kept very clean.

DRESSMAKING.—This industry is carried on in the following parishes, viz., Clophill, Eversholt, Flitwick, Gravenhurst, Marston Moretaine, Maulden, Shillington and Toddington. There is no fault to be found with the premises where this industry is carried on.

OUT-WORKERS.

These are almost entirely confined to hat-sewing. They reside in the parishes of Clophill, Flitwick, Gravenhurst, Maulden, Millbrook, Marston Moretaine, Pulloxhill, Toddington and Westoning.

WORKPLACES.

These are not periodically inspected with the exception of Dairies, Cowsheds, and Milkshops, but all nuisances brought to our notice are attended to at once. One hundred and seven Dairies and Cowsheds have been inspected, and defects were found in 48; these defects were mainly in connection with Cowsheds.

HOUSING OF THE WORKING CLASSES ACT.

Two houses have been reported by me to my Council as being unfit for occupation. One was situated at Ridgmont and the other at Toddington. In the former case the tenant was got rid of by an Eviction Order, and in the latter he left of his own accord. No steps have been taken to put the houses in habitable condition; they are both in a very bad state, and in my opinion the best plan would be to demolish them.

The following permissive Acts, Bye-laws and Regulations are in force in this District :-

Infectious Diseases Prevention Act, 1890.
Part III. of the Public Health Amendment Act, 1890.
Building Bye-laws in respect to New Streets and Buildings.
Regulations under the Dairies and Milkshops Order of 1885.
Bye-laws in regard to Slaughter-houses for the following parishes, viz., Cranfield, Flitwick,

Marston Moretaine, Maulden, Pulloxhill and Toddington.

RECENT LEGISLATION.

PUBLIC HEALTH AMENDMENT ACT, 1904.

The Local Government Board may, on the application of a local authority, declare any part or any section of this Act to be in force in the District of the local authority. As there are several sections in Part III. (Sanitary Provisions) and Part IV. (Infectious Diseases) which would be of great use to us, I strongly recommend this Council to make the necessary application.

EDUCATION (ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS) ACT.

The scholars in all the Schools of the District have now been inspected, viz., those entering for the first time and also those about to leave. A large number of defects have been discovered, but it remains to be seen whether the parents will have them attended to. The difficulty will be found in cases requiring an operation. I am glad to be able to report that the children's heads are kept in a much more cleanly condition than before these Provisions came into force.

VACCINATION.

Under the Expiring Laws Continuance Act this Act continues in force until December, 1910. No doubt Re-vaccination at or about the age of 12 would be a great improvement to the Act.

I will now give the Births and Vaccinations of each sub-district:

				Births.	Vaccinations.
Ampthill	•••	•••	•••	\$ 25	33
Cranfield	•••		• • •	68	40
Shillington			•••	74	16
Woburn	•••	•••		157	95

This gives a percentage of 43.3, which is less than last year, when the average was very low. This drop is no doubt due to the increased facility for obtaining Exemption Certificates.

HOSPITAL ACCOMMODATION.

SMALL-POX HOSPITAL.—We have not had occasion to use the Hospital, as no case of the disease has occurred in the District.

HOSPITAL FOR DIPHTHERIA, ENTERIC AND SCARLET FEVERS.—Dr. Langham Garner, the Medical Superintendent of this Institution, has kindly furnished me with the following account concerning its administration.

"Only 22 Patients were treated at the Hospital during the past year, and of these 3 were from the Ampthill Urban District Council. The numbers were made up as follows:—

Diphtheria		•••	 8
Enteric	•••	•••	 2
Scarlet Fever			 12

DIPHTHERIA.—Patients all came from Toddington, and were admitted in early part of year, viz., 6 in January and 2 in March. Sex, 6 males and 2 females. Average age, $7\frac{1}{2}$ years. Average stay in Hospital, 35.5 days. Type of disease, mild. Antitoxin given in every case as soon as possible after admission, and patients not discharged until swab of throat showed absence af Diphtheria bacillus.

EXTERIC.—Two cases (mother and daughter) from Shillington in March. In both disease ran a severe course, but free from complications.

Scarlet Fever.—The Patients from the Rural Districts were (with the exception of a mild case from Toddington in April) admitted during the last six weeks of the year. The parishes from which they came were—Toddington, 2; Marston, 5; Shillington, 1; Ampthill, 3 (from one family, admitted in April); Hospital, 1. Type of disease mild, except in the three Urban cases, in which complications were numerous,

viz., Adenitis, Otorrhea, Rhinitis, Nephritis, and Lachrymal Abscess. There were no deaths during the year.

A fortnight in April each of the three blocks was occupied, and a second probationer was added to the nursing staff. During the summer the Assistant Nurse left, and her place was taken by the senior probationer, who has completed her two years' training. The Hospital was empty twice during the year, viz., (a) for 13 days in March, and (b) from 14th July to 16th November. This long interval enabled the Matron to replenish her stock, which had become very depleted owing to the hard wear and tear necessary in a fever hospital. All the garments worn in the wards are made by the Nursing Staff."

No doubt the improvement in sanitary matters of previous years is being maintained, but there is still a considerable amount of work to be done.

Acreage (exclusive of area covered by water), 68,195.

Census population, 19,146. Density of population, 1 person to 3.5 acres.

I have the honour to be, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servant,

KILHAM ROBERTS, M.O.H.

January 31st, 1910.

AMPTHILL RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL.

Annual Report of the Sanitary Inspector for the Year 1909.

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The summary below gives some indication of the work carried out during the past twelve months. The total number is higher owing to more house to house inspection work having been done, although the number of rooms disinfected is less than half what it was last year, and 30 less samples of water have been tested; the increase is mainly defective closets and drains and dilapidations. The number of houses for which water certificates have been granted is practically the same as last year

Summary of Defects and other matters dealt with during the year:

1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18.	" " " " " Drains 1 " " " " " Urinals 1 " " Damp Premises and Spouting required to Eaves 1 " Accumulation of Offensive Matter 1 " Overcrowding 1 " Insanitary Pigsties 1 Dwellings Cleansed and Limewashed 1 " in a Dilapidated State 1 " with Defective and Insufficient Water Supply 1 " with Insufficient Light and Ventilation 1 " and Defective Yard Pavings 1 Wells Repaired and Cleansed 1 New Houses received Water Certificates 1 Samples of Water Tested 1 Rooms Disinfected after Infectious Disease 1 " Cancer 2 Schools Disinfected 1	92 20 04 1 27 22 7 3 13 75 9 14 5 22 31 39 32 20 25 13
	Total	
The a	above 574 cases were in connection with 566 premises.	
Numl	ber of Notices served under various Sections Complaints received Proceedings taken under Section 91 Slaughterhouse Bye-laws	7 44 1 1

PAROCHIAL WORK.

Sewerage. -- With the exception of the new sewers at Aspley Guise and Aspley Heath there has been

very little drainage work carried out this year, mainly repairs and small improvements. A short length of glazed pipes was laid at Pulloxhill in place of a defective brick barrel arch and a local pipe drain. An extension of the sewer at Upper Shelton, Marston, has been made. The new sewers at Aspley Guise and Aspley Heath will entail a considerable amount of work towards the latter end of 1910, when the house connections will be made.

Scavenging.—The scavenging work has been continued during the year in the parishes of Aspley Guise, Aspley Heath and Toddington, and below I give extracts from my quarterly reports to the Committees showing the progress of the work. The figures show a great decrease in the number of vaults and a corresponding increase in the number of pails emptied. Galvanized ashbins are also on the increase.

Number of Sanitary Appliances dealt with by the Contractors:—

Closet Vaults Closet Pails Ashpits Ashbins Cesspools Totals	Toddington. 203 15148 233 4028 7 19619	Aspley Guise. 35 12683 80 2450 118	Aspley Heath. 6 1591 29 448 37 2111
To total cost to each parish is	as follows :—		
Labour Establishment Expenses	Toddington. £49 17 4 7 0 2	Aspley Guise. £108 13 $4\frac{1}{2}$ 10 6 1	Aspley Heath. £48 11 8 5 3 5
	£56 17 6	£118 19 $5\frac{1}{2}$	£53 15 2
			
The average cost per week wo	orks out at—		
For 1909	Toddington. £1 1 $10\frac{1}{2}$.£1 9 8	Aspley Guise. £2 5 9 £2 7 4	Aspley Heath. $\pounds 1 0 8$ $\pounds 0 16 6\frac{3}{4}$

WATER SUPPLY.

With the exception of the new Water Scheme for Aspley Guise and Aspley Heath very little has been done during the year in this direction. The supply on the whole has been good and plentiful, though there are still some parishes that would be very short of water in a dry summer.

HOUSE TO HOUSE INSPECTIONS.

Four parishes have been inspected, viz., Flitwick, Westoning, Haynes and Higham Gobion, and the details of each house have been entered in the House to House Inspection Books. The parishes of Flitton, Steppingley, Flitwick and Lidlington have also been re-inspected.

The following are extracts from the Reports, including Lidlington, which was partly reported upon last year.

Lidlington.—The total number of premises inspected is 115. The parish was last inspected in March, 1898, when 90 premises were visited. Structural defects or nuisances were found and have been reported in the fortnightly reports at 38 premises. The general cleanliness is good. The water supply so far as it goes is good, and with the exception of Sheeptick End, where the water from a roadside pond and ditch is used by nine cottages; some of these, however, have drinking water brought to them daily. The general sanitation of the parish is good, and considerably improved since the last inspection in 1898; most of the houses have drains, the majority of which are connected with the sewers. The ground allotted to the houses is in most cases very small, and a few have practically no garden ground. The closet accommodation is good, the pail type prevailing. There are a few proper brick ashpits, and some galvanized ashbins; those who have neither pits or bins, dig their ashes in the ground or take them to the allotments. The structural condition of the houses is fairly good.

Flitwick.—The total number of premises inspected is 255. The parish was last inspected in June, 1898, when 201 premises were visited. Seventy-eight structural defects or nuisances were found, and have been reported at 79 premises. The general cleanliness of the premises is good. The water supply appears to be satisfactory. I have not tested many samples, but there were practically no complaints as to quality or quantity. The wells are numerous, and vary in depth from 10 to 40 feet. Drainage.—There is only one short length of sewer at Denel End, which takes the sink and yard water from seven houses, all the other houses have either no drains at all or have cesspool drainage. At East End practically all the houses have no drains, but where gardens are large enough I have asked for cesspool drainage to be provided. A better means of drainage is certainly needed. There are several houses in various parts of the parish that have not sufficient garden ground to dispose of the slops, &c. With regard to Denel End, some means of drainage should be provided for slops and surface water. I have endeavoured to arrange matters, but up to the present the owner of the farm on which the drain would empty has not given his consent. Failing a better system of slop water drainage a scavenging scheme should be inaugurated. The closet accommodation is good, the pail type prevailing, though there are several vaults that I have asked to be filled in and galvanized pails provided. The structural condition of the houses is on the whole very good.

Westoning.—The total number of premises inspected is 110. The parish was last inspected in July, 1898, when 102 premises were visited. Structural defects or nuisances were found and have been reported at 66 premises, there were therefore 44 premises at which no defects were reported. The general cleanliness of the premises is very good. The water supply appears to be good both in quality and quantity, the wells being numerous. There are no public wells. Drainage.—Practically all the houses are provided with drains, and they mostly run into two sewers that join near the Schools, from thence an 18in. pipe is laid, carrying also the surface water, and discharges into the ditch below the Manor grounds. A few houses are still without drains, although the sewers run close to. I have asked the owners of these to make proper provision. The structural condition of the houses is on the whole good. The closet accommodation is very fair, the vault type being prevalent, but in the majority of cases there is ample garden ground, and the closets are situated some distance from the houses. There are not many proper brick ashpits or galvanized bins, most of the tenants throwing their ashes and refuse on the garden, and eventually digging it in; this is usually satisfactory where the garden is ample.

Haynes.—The total number of premises inspected is 170; this number is just the same as in September, 1898, when the parish was last inspected. Structural defects or nuisances were found at 81 premises, although they seem rather numerous, they are mostly of a minor character. The general cleanliness of the premises is very good. The water supply is not good, there being very few wells, though the quantity of course has been much better than in previous years, all the wells now containing water, whereas in dry seasons several of them are dry. Drainage.—There is a main drain that runs from the Green to Northwood End, taking the drainage of a large number of houses, but with the exception of this there are no sewers. There are, however, other short drains discharging into ditches, and nearly every house has some form of drainage. The structural condition of the houses is on the whole good, and certainly a decided improvement on the last inspection. The closet accommodation is good, the pail type prevailing, there being pails to 134 cottages and vaults only to 36, a few of these I have asked to be filled in. There are very few proper brick ashpits, but in the majority of cases the tenants have sufficient garden ground on which to dispose of the house refuse.

Higham Gobion.—There is very little to report on this parish. Eight occupied premises have been visited, and defects reported at all. Most of the houses have drains running into the ditches. The structural condition of the premises is poor, and the water supply is bad, it being obtained mainly from brooks. I have asked the owners to provide a proper supply.

FACTORIES AND WORKSHOPS.

The half-yearly inspection of these premises have been continued as before, and two summarized reports have been presented to the Council.

Inspections made	273
Workshops requiring Cleansing and Whitening	36
Workshops requiring work to Floors	11

Received lists of Outworkers from 14 employers, amounting in all to 132 persons.

There is still one underground bakehouse.

DAIRIES, COWSHEDS AND MILKSHOPS.

These premises have been inspected as in previous years, and below I give a few particulars taken from the last General Report to the Council on these premises in August, 1909.

Number of premises Registered since the Regulations came	
into force (29th November, 1900)	159
Number of premises inspected this year	107
	48
Dairies having Drains, Floors, &c., defective	2
Cowahada	22
Dairies requiring Cleansing , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	11
Cowsheds ,	32
Approximate number of Cows Milked	1476

No defects were reported at 76 Dairies and 45 Cowsheds. Seven persons have been registered during the year.

SUMMARY OF INSPECTIONS.

Nuisances		Premises. 566
House to House Inspections in excess of above		232 243
Dairies and Cowsheds		107
Total Total for 1908	000	1178 1188

NEW BUILDINGS.

Plans have been received during the year for-

51 New Houses

1 Public Building

3 Workshops
17 Additions to existing Buildings
8 New Drainage, Closets, &c,

And the New Houses may be sub-divided into parishes, as follows :--

4 Aspley Guise 1 Eversholt

16 Flitwick

2 Gravenhurst 2 Harlington

17 Marston

3 Maulden

2 Ridgmont 2 Shillington

2 Toddington

LEONARD FOSTER,

Inspector.

Flitwick, Ampthill,

19th January, 1910.



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DISTRICT RURAL AMPTHILL

Years. Previous and 1909 District during Whole of Statistics

				Toral Deaths	THS REGISTERED	Z	THE DISTRICT	Tomat		ps	NET DEATHS AT ALL	IS AT ALL
		BIRTHS.	rhs.	Under 1 Year	ar of Age.	At all	Ages.	DEATHS	Deaths of Non-	of Residents	TO THE D	THE DISTRICT.
YEAR.	Population estimated to Middle of each Year.	Number.	Rate.*	Number.	Rate per 1000 Births registered.	Number.	Rate.*	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS IN	registered in Public In- stitutions in District.	registered in Public Institu- tions beyond the District.	Number.	Rate.*
H	7	က	4	5	9	7	8	6	1	11	12	13
1899	12726	313	24.5	29	9.76	193	15·1			41	197	15.4
1900	20635	460	22.2	49	106.5	297	14.3			16	313	15:1
1901	19146	479	25.01	40	83.5	286	14.9			14	299	15.6
1903	19146	446	23.35	27	60.5	256	13.37			25	281	14.6
1903	19146	425	22.19	46	108.2	275	14.3			23	296	15.4
1904	19146	438	22.87	40	100.4	251	13.1	 !	- -	27	277	14.4
1905	19146	449	23.4	32	71.2	217	11.3	~	, 	22	239	12.4
1906	. 19146	423	22.09	33 83	78	263	13.73			27	290	15.1
1907	19146	419	21.8	59	140.8	286	14.8	<u></u>		23	309	16.1
1908	19146	446	23.35	34	76.2	256	13.37	က		25	281	14.6
Averages for years 1899–1908	1882.9	429.8	23.07	38.9	91.79	258	13.82	Ľ.	6.	20.5	278-2	14.87
1909	19146	424	22.1	25	58.9	569	14			21	289	15
		* Rates	in Columns	8	and 13 calc	calculated per	r 1.000 of	Ľ.	estimated population	on.		

* Rates in Columns 4, 8, and 13 calculated per 1,000 of estimated population.

† In 1900 the Woburn District was amalgamated with that of Ampthill.

Note.—The deaths to be included in Column 7 of this table are the whole of those registered during the year as having actually occurred within the district or division. The deaths to be included in Column 12 are the number in Column 7, corrected by the subtraction of the number in Column 10 and the addition of the number in Column 11.

By the term "Non-residents" is meant persons brought into the district on account of sickness or infirmity, and dying in public institutions elsewhere.

persons are habitually of the Institutions in The "Public institutions" to be taken into account for the purposes of these Tables are those in to which received on account of sickness or infirmity, such as hospitals, workhouses and lunatic asylums. A list respect of the deaths in which corrections have been made should be given on the back of this Table.

to si	rensO 1901	JA.	OT GLYTO
19,146	4,729 \tag{4,729 \tag{6.051}}	4.04	davio and
*	*	•	
:	:	:. 9g	
:	:	er hous	
Total population at all ages	Number of inhabited houses	Average number of persons per house	
Area of District in acres)	(exclusive of area $\left.\begin{array}{c} 68,195. \\ \text{covered by water} \right). \end{array}\right.$		

. Is the	Nil	I. Institutions within the District receiving sick and infirm persons from outside the District.	
Is the Union Workhouse within the District? No.	Arlesey Asylum 4 Ampthill Workhouse 13 Bedford Hospital 4	II. Institutions outside the District receiving sick and infirm persons from the District.	
No.		III. Other Institutions, the deaths in which have been distributed among the several localities in the District.	

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TABLE II

AMPTHILL RURAL DISTRICT.

Vital Statistics of separate Localities in 1909 and previous years.

	Deaths under Гуеат.	y		19	13	12	13	14	14	13	19	14	14.5	111
RN.	Deaths at all Ages.	0		142	114	113	114	104	81	114	114	125	113.4	130
WOBURN	Birtha regis- tored.	9		162	169	168	143	156	170	159	155	148	158.8	157
	Population esti- mated to middle of each Year.	a		7909	7617	7617	7617	7617	7617	7617	7617	7617	7649.4	7617
	Deaths under Lyear.	a	က	2	ಬ	C 7	ىر	7	∞	10	10	νo	6.3	9
GTON.	Deaths at all Ages.	0	49	45	61	45	64	53	53	49	61	51	53.1	52
SHILLINGTON.	Births regis- tered.	q	97	93	26	22	7.3	84	81	70	62	95	82.9	74
SE	Population e-it-e noitalngod elbbim to hearm rase to rase to	a	4043	4043	3473	3473	3473	3473	3473	3473	3473	3473	3587	3473
	Deaths under l year.	d	9	10	က	4	TT	9	က	ಸ	4	īΩ	5.7	2
ELD.	Deaths at all Ages.	9	44	48	37	44	37	39	30	43	38	58	38.8	32
CRANFIELD	-siger regis- fered.	q	75	7.1	72	63	72	63	65	61	62	58	66.2	89
	Population estinated to middle to mater to a rest.	a	3012	3012	2727	2727	2727	2727	2727	2727	2727	2727	2784	2727
	Deaths under I year.	q	20	13	19	o,	17	17	6	īΟ	25	10	14.4	9
HLL.	Deaths at all Ages.	v	102	78	87	13	81	81	75	84	96	77	84	75
AMPTHILL.	Birtha regis-	9	141	134	141	140	137	135	133	133	140	145	137.9	125
	Population esti- mated to middle of each Year.	Ü	5671	5671	5329	5329	5329	5329	5329	5329	5329	5329	5397.4	5329
NAMES OF LOGALITIES	YEAR.		1899	1900	1901	1902	1903	1904	9005	9061	1907	1908	Averages of Years 1899 to 1908.	1909

Notes.—(a) The separate localities adopted for this table should be areas of which the populations are obtainable from the census returns, such as wards, parishes or groups of parishes, or registration sub-districts. Block 1 may, if desired, be used for the whole district: and blocks 2, 3, &c., for the several localities. In small districts without recognised divisions of known population this Table need not be filled up.

be included in sub-columns c of this table, and those (See note on Table I. as to meaning of terms (b) Deaths of residents occurring in public institutions beyond the district are to be of non-residents registered in public institutions in the district excluded. "resident" and "non-resident.")

⁽c) Deaths of residents occurring in public institutions whether within or without the district, are to be allotted to the respective localities, according to addresses of deceased.

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AMPTHILL RURAL DISTRICT

Cases of Infectious Disease notified during the Year 1909.

Totals .	*	Plague	Puerperal fever .	Continued fever.	Relapsing fever .	Enteric fever .	Typhus fever .	Scarlet fever .	Erysipelas .	Diphtheria(including Membranouscroup)	Cholera	Small-pox .	r‡		Notifiable Disease.	
34		:	:	- :	<u>:</u>	2	:	11	9	ղջ (թ) 12	<u>:</u>	<u>:</u>		Ages.		
														1	<u> </u>	CASES
) 									<u> </u>				i	Under		
OT .								22		ω				1 to 5.		NOTIFIED
11				٠				7		4				5 to 15.	At Ages	IN I
4								63		10				15 to 25	At Ages†—Years.	Wнокв]
11	-					22			6	ယ				5 to 15. 15 to 25, 25 to 65.	•	District.
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6								1	Or				·	Ampth	ill ⊢	Total EA
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14								ဃ	89	9				Wobur	n #	Z. NI DE
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ဃ						12		Р						Shilling	gton w	REMOVED I
10								22		∞				Wobur	n 4	D TO HOS- LOCALITY.
19						22		9		œ				Total C	ases re Hospit	moved al.

The localities adopted for this table should be the same as those in Tables II. and IV.

State the name of the isolation hospital, if any, used by the sick of the district. Mark (H) the locality in which it is situated, or if not within the district, state where it is situated, and in what district.

- * This space may be used for record of other disease the notification (compulsory or voluntary) of which is in force in the district.
- † These age columns for notifications should be filled up in all cases where the Medical Officer of Health, by inquiry or otherwise has obtained the necessary information.

Isolation Hospital, at Steppingley, for Diphtheria, Scarlet and Enteric Fevers. Total a Hospital for Small-pox at Steppingley. Total available beds, 8.

Number of diseases that can be concurrently treated, 3 in one Hospital and I in the other. Total available beds, 20.

> AND IV. TABLES To NOTES

- Nores.—(a). In Table IV. all deaths of "Residents" occurring in public institutions, whether within or without the district, are to be included with the other deaths in the columns for the several age groups (columns 2-8). They are also, in columns 9-15, to be included among the deaths in their respective "Localities" according to the previous addresses of the deceased as given by the Registrars. Deaths of "Non-residents" occurring in public institutions in the district are in like manner to be excluded from columns 2-8 and 9-15 of Table IV.
 - See notes on Table I. as to the meaning of "Residents" and "Non-residents," and as to the "Public Institutions" to be taken into account for the purposes of these Tables. The "Localities" in Table IV. should be the same as those in Tables II. and III. (9)
- (c) All deaths occurring in public institutions situated within the district, whether of "Residents" or of "Non-residents," are, in addition to being dealt with as in note (a), to be entered in the last column of Table IV. The total number in this column should equal the figures for the year in column 9, Table I.
- (d) The total deaths in the several "Localities" in columns 9-15 of Table IV. should equal those for the year in the same localities in Table II, sub-columns c. The total deaths at all ages in column 2 of Table IV. should equal the gross total of columns 9-15, and the figures for the year in column 12 of Table I.
- (e) Under the heading of "Diarrhæa" are to be included deaths registered as due to Epidemic diarrhæa, Epidemic enteritis, Infective enteritis, Zymotic enteritis, Summer diarrhæa, Dysentery and Dysenteric diarrhæa, Choleraic diarrhæa, Cholera and Cholera Nostras.

 In addition, and as regards deaths of children under one year of age under the heading "Diarrhæa" in column 3 (Table IV.) are to be included all deaths classified as "Diarrhæal diseases" in Table V.
- Under the heading of "Enteritis" in Table IV, are to be included only deaths over one year of age registered as due to Enteritis, Muco-enteritis, Gastro-enteritis, Gastric catarrh, Gastritis, and Gastro-intestinal catarrh, unless from information obtained by enquiry from the certifying practitioner or otherwise, the Medical Officer of Health should have reason for including such deaths, under the specific term "Diarrhæa". Deaths from diarrhæa secondary to some other well-defined disease should be included under the latter.
- (f) Under the headings of "Cancer" and "Puerperal fever" should be included all registered deaths from causes comprised within these general terms. Thus: Under "Cancer" should be included deaths from Cancer, Carcinoma, Malignant disease, Scirrhus, Epithelioma, Sarcoma, Villous tumour, and Papilloma of bladder, Rodent ulcer. Under "Puerperal Fever" are to be included deaths from Pyæmia, Septicæmia, Sapræmia, Pelvic peritonitis, Peri- and Endo-Metritis occurring in the Puerperium.
 - (g) Under "Congenital Defects" in Table V. are to be included deaths from Atelectas. Icterus neonatorum, Navel hæmorrhage, Malformations and Congenital hydrocephalus.
- (h) Under "Tubereulous Meningitis" are to be included deaths from Acute hydrocephalus.
- deaths from Tuberculosis, der "Other Tuberculous Diseases" are to be included deaths Tuberculosis of bones, joints and other organs, Lupus and Scrofula. (i) Under
- (i) All deaths certified by registered Medical Practitioners and all Inquest cases are to be classed as "Certified"; all other deaths are to be regarded as "Uncertified."

In recording the facts under the various headings of Tables I., III., III., IV. and V., attention has been given to the notes on the Tables.

ROBFIRTS KILHAM

Medical Officer of Health.

2nd, 1909.February

TABLE IV

AMPTHILL RURAL DISTRICT.

Causes of, and Ages at, Death during Year 1909.

Carrier of Dietria All Union All Uni					-	-				-		-			-
Transfer Traffic Tra				32	75	153	86	12	7	6	25	289	•	causes	
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Sees of Death. All Under land 6 and 15 and 20 and 65 and 13 and 20 and		ω	10	1-4	62		22	4	ш	₩		∞		Other tubercular disease	
SEES OF DEATH. All Under land found 15 and 25 and		00	}	ယ	င္မာ	12	9	44				15	:	Phthisis (Pulmonary Tuberculosis)	اسا
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THE DISTRICT. LOCALITIES (AT ALL AGES.)	PUBLIC INSTITU-TIONS.	Woburn	Shillington	Cranfield	Ampthill	65 and up-	25 and under 65.	15 and under 26.	5 and under 15.	1 and under 6.	Under 1	All ages.		of.	
	DEATHS IN	AGES.)	AT ALL /	LITIES (T.	DISTRIO	D THE]	BEYON	G IN OI	CUBRIN	OC)		

See notes at back.



TABLE V.

AMPTHILL RURAL DISTRICT.

INFANTILE MORTALITY DURING THE YEAR 1909

Deaths from stated Causes in Weeks and Months under One Yea

		District													l'uberculous Diseases.			Diseases.	Wasting				Diarrhœal Diseases.				Diseases.	Common			Causes.	_ A11	CAUSE	
Deaths from all Causes	Births in the year $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{legitimate, } \ell \\ \text{illegitimate,} \end{array} \right\}$	t Ampthill Rural.		Other Causes	Suffocation, overlaying	Pneumonia	Laryngitis	Bronchitis	Convulsions	Meningitis (not Tuberculous)	Rickets	Syphilis	Erysipelas	Other Tuberculous Diseases		(Tuberculous Meningitis	Atrophy, Debility, Marasmus	Want of Breast-Milk	Injury at Birth	Congential Defects	(Premature Birth	Gastritis, Gastro- intestinal Catarrh	Enteritis, Muco-enter) itis, Gastro-enteritis	(Diarrhœa, all forms	Whooping Cough	Diphtheria: Croup	Scarlet Fever	Measles	Chicken-pox	(Small-pox	Uncertified	Certified	SE OF DEATH.	Deacus from s
at		1.		<u></u>	<u> </u>										U		 -		<u> </u>		<u>υ</u> τ											∞	Under 1 W	Veek.
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Ages,	IJ		4	H		 									_			<u>;</u>			<u> </u>											4	2-3 Weeks.	Causes
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	Deaths in the year $\begin{cases} 1 \\ i \end{cases}$		16	2		i 											23	<u>,</u>	<u> </u>		∞	Н		ř								16	Total under 1 Month.	
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		:	ш																		-			1								1	6-7 Months.	One :
	ESTI	H						•																	•								7-8 Months.	Year
	Estimated	to the																															8-9 Months.	e _s
	19,146.	Population.																															9-10 Months	Age.
	6.	tion.																															10-11 Month	
	of 1909.	,																															11-12 Month	s.
		8	25	්		100		H	Ľ				<u>-</u>				OT .	⊣	 -		∞	1		H								25	Total Deaths under One Year.	3

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Annual Report of Medical Officer of Health for the year 1909,

FOR THE

Rural District of Ampthill, on the administration of the Factory and Workshop Act, 1901, in connection with FACTORIES, WORKSHOPS, LAUNDRIES, WORKPLACES AND HOMEWORK.

1.—INSPECTION.

INCLUDING INSPECTIONS MADE BY SANITARY INSPECTORS OR INSPECTORS OF NUISANCES.

TOTOTOTION THE TOTOTOTION		Premises.	Eactories (Including Factory Laundries.)	Workshops (Including Workshop Laundries.)	Workplaces	Total
		Inspections.		269	ಣ	273
	Number of	Written Notices.		33		33
		Prosecutions.				

2. - DEFECTS FOUND.

	-na	Mumber Prosect Prosections								
	cts.	Referred to H.M. Inspector.		•	·					
	Number of Defects.	Remedied.	32		∞					40
	mN	Found.	32		∞					40
a a constant is		Particulars.	Nuisances under the Public Health Acts:— Want of cleanliness	Want of vetilation	Overcrowding	Other nuisances	Sanitary accommodation (Sec. 22 not adopted.) (ansuitable or defective (not separate for sexes	Offences under the Factory and Workshop Act:— Illegal occupation of underground bakehouses (s. 101) Breach of special sanitary requirements for bakehouses (ss. 97 to 100)	Other offences (Excluding offences relating to outwork which are included in Part 3 of this Report.)	Total

3.—HOME WORK.

			ourw	ORKERS' LI	STS, SECTIO	N 107.				OUTWORE PREMI	X IN UNWE	OLESOME ON 108.	OUTWO PREMISE	ORK IN INFI S, SECTIONS	ECTED 109, 110.
NATURE OF WORK.	List	ts received from	m Employers	•	Numbers of Addresses of	Notices served on	Prosec	utions.	Number of Inspections						Prosecutions
NATURE OF WORK.	Twice in a	year.	Once in	the year.	Outworkers received from other	Occupion	Failing to keop or permit inspection	Failing to send lists.	Outworkers' premises.	Instances.	Notices served.	Prosecutions.	Instances.	Orders made (S. 110).	(Sections 109, 110).
(1)	Lists. (2)	utworkers.	Lists. (4)	Outworkers.	Councils. (6)	sending lists.	of lists. (8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
Wearing Apparel— (1) making, &c			13	129	3				No record kept.						
(2) cleaning and washing Lace, lace curtains and nets														s	
Furniture and Upholstery													Á		
Fur pulling															
Paper Bags and Boxes Brush making															
Stuffed Toys															
Electro Plate	1														
Anchors and Grapnels															
Locks, Latches and Keys															
TOTAL															

			4.—R	EGIS	TER	ED	WOR	KSH	OPS.		
Wor	kshop	s on th	e Regis	ter (s.	131) at	the end	d of the	e year.			Number.
Butchers	• • •	0 0 0	•••		•••		•••	• • •	• • •		37
Bakers	• • •	• • •		• • •		• • •	•••	···	•••	• • •	49
Builders		• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •		•••	• • •	•••	•••]	7
Blacksmiths	• • •	• • •	•••	• • •	•••	• • •	• • •	•••	•••		20 .
Bootmakers	• • •		•••			• • •					5
Cabinet Maker	rs		•••	• • •	•••	• • •	•••	• • •		•••	1
Dressmakers	•••	• • •	• • •				• • •		***		8
Hat Makers	• • •	• • •	•••	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	•••		14
Engineers	•••	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •		•••			1
Tailors		4 6 0		• • •	• • •	•••		•••	• • •		4
Carpenters	•••	• • •	• • •	• • •	4						6
Wheelwrights	•••	• • •	•••	• • •	• • •	• • •		• • •	•••		9
Laundries	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •		• • •	•••	•••		2
Painters Heres Slaveb	4	• • •	• • •	•••	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •		3
Horse Slaugh	ters	• • •	• • •	•••	• • •	•••	•••	• • •	•••		1
			Total	numbe	r of wo	rkshops	on Re	gister	•••		167

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